OTTO CHEMIE PVT LTD

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-----ISO 9001: 2015------

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1.Identification 1.1GHS Product identifier Pelargonic acid, 97% Code P 1391

2.Hazard identification

2.1Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin irritation, Category 2 Eye irritation, Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 3

2.2GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s) H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of

water/.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and

wash it before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Storage none

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container to ... 2.3Other hazards which do not result in classification

none

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1Substances

o. roubstarroes						
Chemical	Common names and	CAS	EC	Concentration		
name	synonyms	number	number	Concentiation		
pelargonic acid	pelargonic acid	112-05-0	none	100%		

4.First-aid measures

4.1Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

4.3Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

/SRP:/ Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand-valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR as necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. /Organic acids and related compounds/

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

5.3Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6.Accidental release measures

6.1Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. **6.3Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Pick up and arrange disposal. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

7.1Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage.... Keep conatiner tightly sealed when not in use. Store only in original container in a dry place inaccessible to children and pets. /Scythe herbicide (57% pelargonic acid)/

8.Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. 8.3Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique(without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state clear, oily liquid with an unpleasant, rancid odor Colour Colorless, oily liquid at ordinary temp; crystallizes

when cooled FATTY ODOR 172\u00b0C(lit.)

Melting point/ freezing point

Odour

Boiling point or 268-269\u00b0C(lit.)

initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability no data available Lower and upper no data available

explosion limit / flammability limit

Flash point 137\u00b0C **Auto-ignition** no data available

temperature

Decomposition no data available

temperature

рΗ

no data available

Kinematic viscosity 8.08 mPa.sec at 20\u00b0C Solubility In water:NEGLIGIBLE Partition coefficient log Kow = 3.42

n-octanol/water (log

value)

Vapour pressure <0.1 mm Hg (20 \u00b0C) Density and/or 0.906g/mLat 25\u00b0C(lit.)

relative density

Relative vapour 5.5 (vs air)

density **Particle** no data available

characteristics

10.Stability and reactivity

10.1Reactivity no data available

10.2Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3Possibility of hazardous reactions

Combustible

10.4Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5Incompatible materials

no data available

10.6Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

11.Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Mouse oral 15000 mg/kg Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

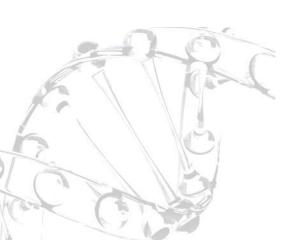
12. Ecological information

12.1Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50; Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill); Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 105000 ug/L for 96 hr /99.7% purity

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50; Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea, age <24 hr); Conditions: freshwater, static; Concentration: 96000 ug/L for 48 hr (64000-119000 ug/L); Effect: intoxication, immobilization

Toxicity to algae: no data available



Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: A total organic carbon reduction of 99% was observed for nonanoic acid using a non-acclimated activated sludge and an initial nonanoic acid concn of 100 mg total organic carbon/L(1). A BOD of 0.59 (g/g) was observed for nonanoic acid after 5 days incubation using a sewage inoculum(2). A 75% decrease in the initial nonanoic acid concn of 1.6 mg/L was observed after 21 days incubation in an aerobic mixed bacterial culture obtained from trench leachate at a low-level radioactive waste disposal site in West Valley, NY(3).

12.3Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated in fish for nonanoic acid(SRC), using a log Kow of 3.42(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

12.4Mobility in soil

The Koc of undissociated nonanoic acid is estimated as 1,700 for the free acid(SRC), using a log Kow of 3.42(1) and a regressionderived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that undissociated nonanoic acid is expected to have low mobility in soil. The pKa of nonanoic acid is 4.95(4), indicating that this compound will exist almost entirely in anion form in the environment and anions generally do not adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts(5).

12.50ther adverse effects

no data available

13.Disposal considerations

13.1Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems. Contaminated packaging

IATA: 8

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14.Transport information

14.1UN Number

ADR/RID: UN3265 IMDG: UN3265 IATA: UN3265

14.2UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. IATA: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

14.3Transport hazard class(es)

ÍMDG: 8 ADR/RID: 8 14.4Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III IATA: III IMDG: III

14.5Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG: no IATA: no

14.6Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

no data available

15.Regulatory information

15.1Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	emical name Common names and synonyms CAS numbe		EC	
Chemical mame			number	
pelargonic acid	pelargonic acid	112-05-0	none	
European Invent	Listed.			
Substances (EINECS)				
EC Inventory			Listed.	
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)				
Inventory	Listed.			
China Catalog of	f Hazardous chemicals 2015		Not Listed.	
New Zealand Inv	ventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)		Listed.	
Philippines Inve	Listed.			
Substances (PIC				
	I Chemical Inventory		Listed.	
Chinese Chemic	Listed.			
Substances (China IECSC)				

Section 16: Other Information

This safety data sheet should be used in conjunction with technical sheets. It does not replace them. The information given is based on our knowledge of this product, at the time of publication. It is given in good faith. The attention of the user is drawn to the possible risks incurred by using the product for any other purpose other than that for which it was intended. This does not in any way excuse

the user from knowing and applying all the regulations governing his activity. It is the sole responsibility of the user to take all precautions required in handling the product. The aim of the mandatory regulations mentioned is to help the user to fulfill his obligations regarding the use of hazardous products.

