OTTO CHEMIE PVT LTD

201, 51-53 Maroo Bhavan, Kalbadevi, Mumbai – 400002, India. Tel : + 91 22 2207 0099 / 6638 2599 Email : info@ottokemi.com, Web : <u>www.ottokemi.com</u>

-----ISO 9001: 2015------

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1.Identification 1.1GHS Product identifier Copper Nanopowder, APS 200 nm, 99.9% CodeCN 0145

2.Hazard identification 2.1Classification of the substance or mixture Not classified. 2.2GHS label elements, including precautionary statements Pictogram(s) No symbol. Signal word No signal word. Hazard statement(s) none Precautionary statement(s) Prevention none Response none Storage none Disposal none 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification none

3.Composition/information on ingredients

3.1Substances

Chemical	Common names and	CAS	EC	Concentration
name	synonyms	number	number	Concentration
copper atom	copper atom	7440-50-8	none	100%

4.First-aid measures

4.1Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.

In case of skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

Remove contaminated ci

In case of eye contact Rinse with plenty of water (remove contact lenses if easily possible).

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. Refer for medical attention .

4.2Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure Routes: inhalation, ingestion, skin and/or eye contact Symptoms: Irritation eyes, respiratory system; cough, dyspnea (breathing difficulty), wheezing; [potential occupational carcinogen] Target Organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system, liver, kidneys (increase(d) risk with Wilson's disease) (NIOSH, 2016)

4.3Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway. Suction if necessary. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilations if necessary. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for shock and treat if necessary For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with normal saline during transport Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool. Administer activated charcoal /Copper and related compounds/

5.Fire-fighting measures
5.1Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Use special powder, dry sand. NO other agents. Water may be ineffective.
5.2Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

5.3Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6.Accidental release measures

6.1Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2Environmental precautions

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations. 6.3Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1. VENTILATE AREA OF RELEASE. 2. COLLECT SPILLED MATERIAL IN THE MOST CONVENIENT AND SAFE MANNER FOR RECLAMATION, OR FOR DISPOSAL IN A SECURE SANITARY LANDFILL. LIQ CONTAINING COPPER SHOULD BE ABSORBED IN VERMICULITE, DRY SAND, EARTH, OR A SIMILAR MATERIAL. /COPPER DUSTS & MISTS/

7.Handling and storage

7.1Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2. 7.2Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities See Chemical Dangers.

8.Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

Recommended Exposure Limit: 10 Hr Time-Weighted Avg: 1 mg/cu m. /Copper (dusts and mists)/ Biological limit values

no data available

8.2Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. 8.3Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique(without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities.

Thermal hazards no data available

9.Physical and chemical properties

Raddish powder
Reddish, lustrous, ductile, malleable metal
Odorless /Copper dusts and mists/
1083\u00baC
2567\u00b0C(lit.)
Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but powdered
form may ignite.Combustible.
no data available
18\u00b0C
no data available
no data available
wardete even the bits
no data available
no data available
In water:insoluble
-0.57 (calculated)
0 mm Hg (approx) (NIOSH, 2016)
8.94g/mLat 25\u00b0C(lit.)
0.349/mear 23/000000(iit.)

Relative vapour no data available density Particle characteristics no data available

10.Stability and reactivity 10.1Reactivity no data available 10.2Chemical stability BECOMES DULL WHEN EXPOSED TO AIR. IN MOIST AIR GRADUALLY BECOMES COATED WITH GREEN BASIC CARBONATE. 10.3Possibility of hazardous reactions COPPER combines violently with chlorine trifluoride in the presence of carbon [Mellor 2, Supp. 1, 1956]. Is oxidized by sodium peroxide with incandescence [Mellor 2:490-93, 1946-1947]. Forms an unstable acetylide when acetylene is passed over samples that have been heated enough to form an oxide coating. Reacts more rapidly in powdered or granular form. Subject to explosive reaction then mixed in finely divided form with finely divided bromates chlorates and iodates of barium, calcium, magnesium, potassium, sodium, or zinc; these reactions are initiated by heat, percussion, and occasionally light friction [Mellor 2:310, 1946-1947]. A solution of sodium azide in copper pipe with lead joints formed copper azide and lead azide, both of these compounds can detonate [Klotz, 1973]. 10.4Conditions to avoid no data available 10.5Incompatible materials Reacts violently with ... ammonium nitrate, bromates, chlorates, iodates, chloride, ... ethylene oxide, ... hydrazine mononitrate, hydrazoic acid, ... and potassium oxide 10.6Hazardous decomposition products no data available 11.Toxicological information Acute toxicity Oral: no data available Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available Skin corrosion/irritation no data available Serious eye damage/irritation no data available Respiratory or skin sensitization no data available Germ cell mutagenicity no data available Carcinogenicity Cancer Classification: Group D Not Classifiable as to Human Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity no data available STOT-single exposure no data available STOT-repeated exposure no data available Aspiration hazard no data available 12. Ecological information 12.1Toxicity Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available 12.2Persistence and degradability no data available 12.3Bioaccumulative potential no data available 12.4Mobility in soil no data available 12.50ther adverse effects no data available

13.Disposal considerations

13.1Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14.Transport info 14.1UN Number				
ADR/RID: UN3089 IMDG: UN3089 IATA: UN3		089		
14.2UN Proper S			000	
	L POWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S	s		
	OWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.			
	OWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.			
14.3Transport ha	, , ,			
ADR/RID: 4.1	ÍMDG: 4.1	IATA: 4.1		
14.4Packing group, if applicable				
ADR/RID: Not da	angerous IMDG: Not dangerous	IATA: Not da	angerous	
goods.	goods.	goods.	-	
14.5Environmen				
ADR/RID: no IMDG: no IATA: no				
14.6Special prec				
no data available	-			- 0 0
	bulk according to Annex II of MAI	RPOL 73/78 ar	nd the IBC Co	de
no data available	;		1	
45 5 4 4 4	c ii			
15.Regulatory in				
15.1Salety, hear	th and environmental regulations s	ſ		estion
Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	
copper atom	copper atom	7440-50-8	none	
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical				
Substances (EINECS)			Listed.	
EC Inventory			Listed.	
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Listed.	
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015				
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			Not Listed.	
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances				
	ventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	W	Not Listed. Listed.	C
	ventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	W	Not Listed.	C
Philippines Inver (PICCS)	ventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	W	Not Listed. Listed.	C
Philippines Inver (PICCS) Vietnam Nationa	ventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) ntory of Chemicals and Chemical \$	Substances	Not Listed. Listed. Listed. Listed.	
Philippines Inver (PICCS) Vietnam Nationa	rentory of Chemicals (NZIoC) ntory of Chemicals and Chemical S I Chemical Inventory	Substances	Not Listed. Listed. Listed.	

Section 16: Other Information

This safety data sheet should be used in conjunction with technical sheets. It does not replace them. The information given is based on our knowledge of this product, at the time of publication. It is given in good faith. The attention of the user is drawn to the possible risks incurred by using the product for any other purpose other than that for which it was intended. This does not in any way excuse the user from knowing and applying all the regulations governing his activity. It is the sole responsibility of the user to take all precautions required in handling the product. The aim of the mandatory regulations mentioned is to help the user to fulfill his obligations regarding the use of hazardous products.