

# OTTO CHEMIE PVT LTD

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-----ISO 9001: 2015-----

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier  
Ammonium chloride, GR 99%+  
Code A 2087

### 2. Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture  
Acute toxicity - Oral, Category 4  
Eye irritation, Category 2  
2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements  
Pictogram(s)



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/2026 if you feel unwell.  
P330 Rinse mouth.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

none

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

none

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
ammonium chloride	ammonium chloride	12125-02-9	none	100%

### 4. First-aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.

In case of skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower.

In case of eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. Give one or two glasses of water to drink. Rest. Refer for medical attention.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation of fumes irritates respiratory passages. Ingestion irritates mouth and stomach. Fumes are irritating to eyes. Contact with skin may cause irritation. (USCG, 1999)

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.

Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. /Ammonia and related compounds/

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic and irritating ammonia and hydrogen chloride gases may form in fire. Behavior in Fire: May volatilize and condense on cool surfaces. (USCG, 1999)

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. Wash away remainder with plenty of water.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Accidental release measures. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust.; Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.; Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from ammonium nitrate and potassium chlorate. Dry. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Hygroscopic.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

Recommended Exposure Limit: 10-hour Time-Weighted Average: 10 mg/cu m. /Ammonium chloride fume/

Recommended Exposure Limit: 15-minute Short-Term Exposure Limit: 20 mg/cu m. /Ammonium chloride fume/

Biological limit values

no data available

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities.

Thermal hazards

no data available

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state

white crystalline solid

Colour

Colorless crystals or crystalline masses, or white, granular powder

Odour

Odorless

Melting point/ freezing point

338\u00b0C(dec.)(lit.)

Boiling point or initial boiling

520\u00b0C(lit.)

point and boiling range

Flammability

Noncombustible Solid Not combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.

Lower and upper explosion

Not flammable

limit / flammability limit	
Flash point	75\u00b0C(lit.)
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	338\u00b0C
pH	pH of aqueous solution (25\u00b0C): 1% 5.5; 3% 5.1; 10% 5.0
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	In water:soluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	no data available
Vapour pressure	1 mm Hg ( 160.4 \u00b0C)
Density and/or relative density	1.527
Relative vapour density	1.9 (vs air)
Particle characteristics	no data available

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Acidic salts, such as AMMONIUM CHLORIDE, are generally soluble in water. The resulting solutions contain moderate concentrations of hydrogen ions and have pH's of less than 7.0. They react as acids to neutralize bases. These neutralizations generate heat, but less or far less than is generated by neutralization of inorganic acids, inorganic oxoacids, and carboxylic acid. They usually do not react as either oxidizing agents or reducing agents but such behavior is not impossible. Many of these compounds catalyze organic reactions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Melting point: 338\u00b0C (sublimes)

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Rat oral 1650 mg/kg

Inhalation: no data available

Dermal: no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

no data available

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

no data available

### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

### Aspiration hazard

no data available

## 12. Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50; Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill); Conditions: static; Concentration: 725 mg/L for 24-96 hr

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LC50; Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea); Conditions: static; Concentration: 202 mg/L for 24 hr

Toxicity to algae: EC50; Species: Anabaena azotica (Blue-green Algae) Exponential Growth Phase Strain FACHB 118; Conditions: freshwater, static, 25\u00b0C, pH 8.3; Concentration: 2.448 mmol/L for 96 hr (95% confidence interval: 2.071-2.893 mmol/L); Effect: decreased population growth rate

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

#### 13. Disposal considerations

##### 13.1 Disposal methods

###### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

###### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

#### 14. Transport information

##### 14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: UN3077

IMDG: UN3077

IATA: UN3077

##### 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

##### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 9

IMDG: 9

IATA: 9

##### 14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III

IMDG: III

IATA: III

##### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG: no

IATA: no

##### 14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

##### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

no data available

#### 15. Regulatory information

##### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
ammonium chloride	ammonium chloride	12125-02-9	none
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			Listed.
EC Inventory			Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)			Listed.

#### Section 16: Other Information

This safety data sheet should be used in conjunction with technical sheets. It does not replace them. The information given is based on our knowledge of this product, at the time of publication. It is given in good faith. The attention of the user is drawn to the possible risks incurred by using the product for any other purpose other than that for which it was intended. This does not in any way excuse the user from knowing and applying all the regulations governing his activity. It is the sole responsibility of the user to take all precautions required in handling the product. The aim of the mandatory regulations mentioned is to help the user to fulfill his obligations regarding the use of hazardous products.